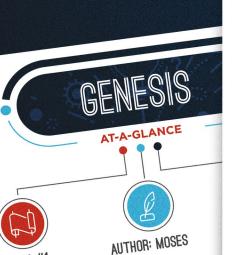


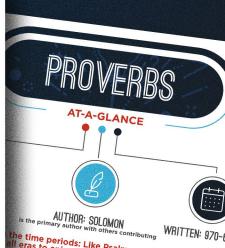
BOOKS OF THE BIBLE

AT-A-GLANCE

One-Page Reference Sheets for the 66 Books of the Bible.







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INTRODUCTION

Welcome to Books of the Bible At-a-Glance, a fast and assured way to get students to understand what each book of the Bible is about and how it contributes to the whole. Each sheet contains the very basics which you can use while teaching as a series or as lessons in and of themselves!

What's in this Package

Every book of the Bible is covered on a separate sheet. Even though the Bible is a wealth of different types of information, subtitles on each page help students understand its important points. The subtitles vary slightly, based on the different types of books. However most look like this:

Book Title: Its proper name.

Order in the Bible: Each book is presented in its appropriate order number of the 66 total books: 1 – 39 in the Old Testament, and 1 – 27 in the New Testament.

Claims to Fame: Nearly every book in the Bible contains something unique or spectacular. Examples would be that Exodus contains the Ten Commandments and Philemon is the New Testament Book written about a slave.

Who Authored the Book: Sometimes the book is named after its author, but sometimes not! Sometimes kids would have no idea without a helpful sheet like this. Examples are Solomon writing the famous Book of Proverbs and Apostle John writing the Revelation. Here's your chance to tell children that Moses compiled the first five books of the Bible.

Date the Book was Written: Often a book was written hundreds of years after its events. A good example is Genesis, which begins around 4004 BC with the creation of Adam and continues through the death of Joseph in 1805 BC. It was compiled by Moses almost 400 years later. Some dates, mainly those of Old Testament writings, are highly debated. For example, the Book of Joel has a 400-year span in the debate as to when it was written! Those we mark with a note. And of course, the others are approximations. Include the word "approximately" before each date, and you'll have the right idea.

Covering this Time Period: It is great to be able to know at a glance what time period of history a book covers. Want students to give their heads a fun shake? Have them look at the time periods covered by the prophets, minor and major. Some of them speak of things that have happened in the last 50 years. Some speak of things that haven't happened yet. If the answer is 700 BC – Future, what does that mean? It means that the prophet prior to 700 BC prophesied about things in the immediate future as well as things in the end times that haven't happened yet. It sure is fun to see what all these prophets are talking about.

Famous Stories Included: This category changes in the New Testament Epistles to "Problems or Issues this Book is Addressing." In the Old Testament and the gospels, it will help students see at a glance that the Tower of Babel is in Genesis and the Prophet Elijah being swept up to heaven happens in 2 Kings. In the New Testament, most every epistle was penned in response to an issue happening in a particular new church. Everything from legalism to liberalism, from the place of circumcision to the ousting of sexual deviates was covered—showing there were great commonalities between those times and our times!

Most Famous Verses: This came from a website of the most-searched-for verses in each Bible book; however it was not so clinical as for editors to simply take the first two. In some you can see Bible fans trying to come up with the same story but starting at different places or focusing on different verses or key words. This list also includes some scholarly ingenuity to see which verses in each book have been most beloved to the American people.

Important Points About this Book: This section can be an outline of events. Or it can state the overall message. If many Bible stories are in the book, it can order them. Basically, this is the most important and informative category, telling students briefly things they ought to remember about this particular book and in ways that will be engaging.

Ways to Use this Package

At-A-Glance Sheets is a rare package for students. You may not find another that is upto-date and so clearly written. It provides the most important information about each and every Bible book on one sheet and in one glance. Use them in many ways:

Pass out At-A-Glance Sheets before you study particular books. It will give kids placement and a great overview of any book(s) or Bible stories you are studying.

Make a lesson series using the At-A-Glance Sheets. If you want kids to have a great overview and understanding of the Bible from a bird's-eye perspective, use the cheat sheets for a semester, focusing on books you feel are most important.

Make worksheets from At-A-Glance Sheets. The Most Famous Verses make great fill-in-the-blank sheets. Create a timeline to post dates on. Names and authors make great word searches, and Most Important Points make great crosswords. Any way you can get students to repeat the information on a cheat sheet is great! Use your teacher's heart and imagination.

The Importance of this Package

Children learn stories every year about Abraham, David, and Jesus. The characters do tend to look alike! There were no cell phones involved, no electricity, and they all wear dusty sandals and headdresses. So what's the difference? Plenty!

Wouldn't it help your students to know that each of these famed Bible characters lived 1,000 years apart? Father Abraham was the beginning of a great covenant between God Israel. David came around the fruition of that covenant creating a unified nation. Jesus was the culmination of God's promises. And then there is us.

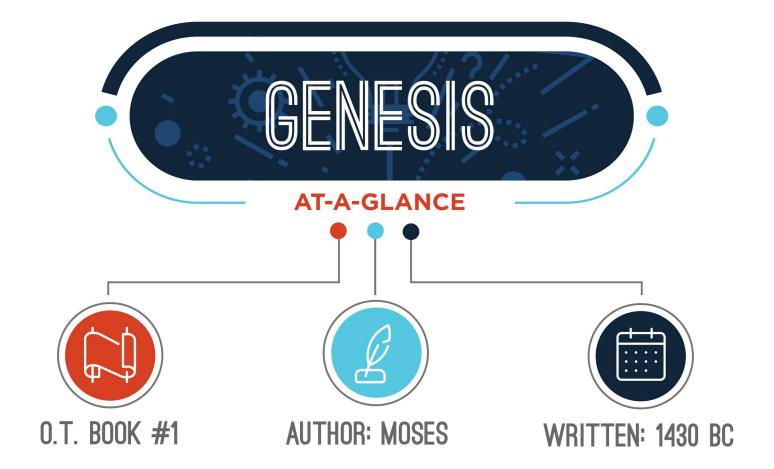
The history of the people of Israel is one of the most intriguing, inspiring, and telling histories of any people in the world. For one, they introduced the God of Israel—the only God—to the rest of us. Give famous characters, Bible verses and situations placement and context, and you will have given your students a most precious foundational gift that they can build on for a lifetime!



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OLD TESTAMENT



Covering the time period of 4004 BC to 1805 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME:

It is the first book in the Bible and covers the longest span of time: Over 2,000 years!

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Creation story
- · Noah's Ark
- Tower of Babel
- Father Abraham's journey
- Isaac is almost sacrificed
- Jacob sees the Ladder
- Jacob's name is changed to Israel
- Joseph is kidnapped to Egypt

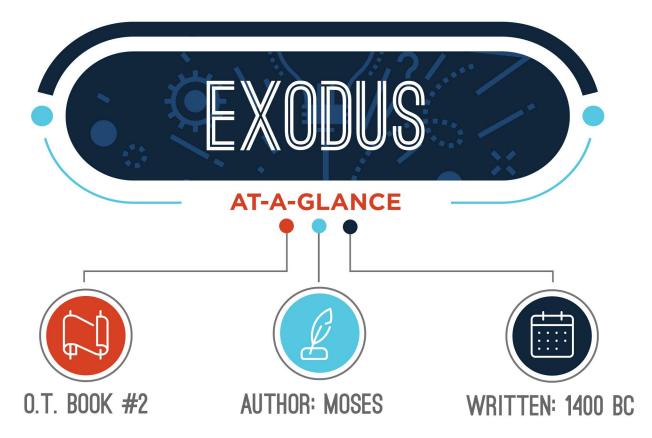
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth. Genesis 1:1

So God created human beings in his own image, in the image of God he created them: male and female he created them. Genesis 1:27

Genesis can be broken down into two parts:

- Prehistory contains everything from Genesis 1 to 12, or everything until the birth of Father Abraham. The first part includes creation, the Great Flood and the Tower of Babel.
- From Genesis 12 to 50 is the story of the Patriarchs. They include Abraham, his son Isaac, and Isaac's son Jacob. Jacob was also the father of Joseph, who is not considered a patriarch but is very important.



Covering the time period of 1525 BC through 1400 BC

2

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the stories from the birth of Moses through the 40 years of the Exodus.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

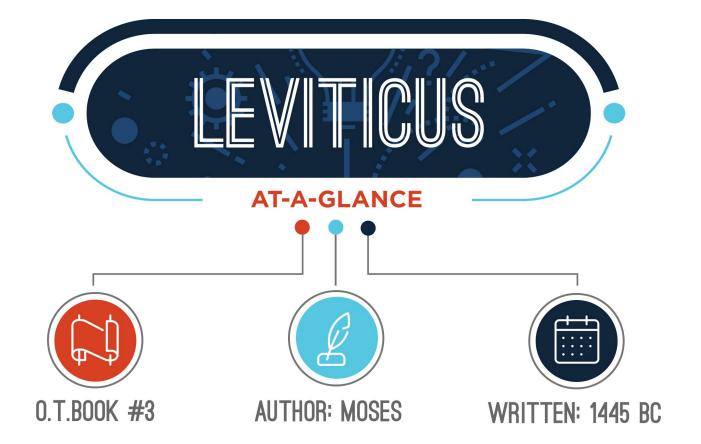
- Moses at the Burning Bush
- The Ten Plagues of Egypt
- Moses parts the Red Sea
- The Ten Commandments

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"You shall have no other gods before me." **Exodus 20:3**

"God said to Moses, "I AM WHO I AM. This is what you are to say to the Israelites: 'I AM has sent me to you.'" **Exodus 3:14**

- So many exciting Bible stories are found in Exodus! Exodus starts 280 years after the death of Joseph in Egypt with the birth of Moses. Moses was born in 1426 BC. Chapters 1-2 cover events before Moses was called to lead Israel out of Egypt.
- Chapter 3 covers the story of the Burning Bush and Moses' call
- Chapters 7-12 cover the Ten Plagues of Egypt, including the Passover, established with the 10th plague that called for the death of the oldest child of both man and beast.
- Chapters 13 begins the Exodus
- Chapter 20 contains the 10 Commandments.
- The stories are basically over for the remaining 20 chapters, except that chapter 32 contains the story of the Golden Calf. The other chapters contain laws and instructions for the constructing of the first tabernacle. A tabernacle was like a temple, only portable in the desert.



Covering the time period 1445 BC- 70 AD. The laws applied until shortly after the death of Christ, when the temple was destroyed in 70 AD.

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME:

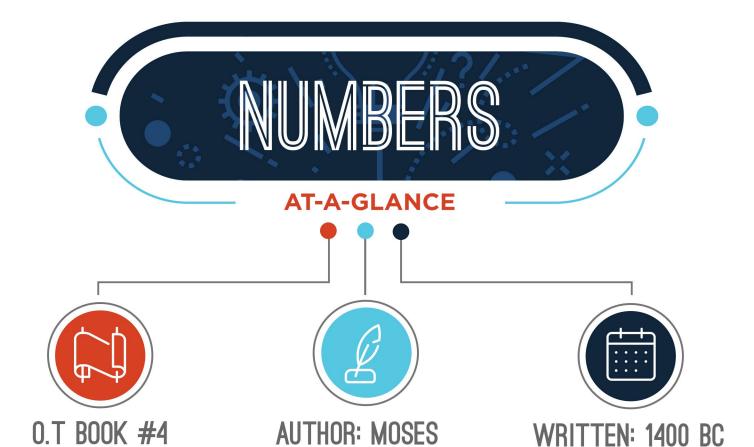
Contains many laws for the Hebrew people. It is not often studied by Christians because Jesus freed us from the letter of the law.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For the life of a creature is in the blood, and I have given it to you to make atonement for yourselves on the altar; it is the blood that makes atonement for one's life. Leviticus 17:11

Do not seek revenge or bear a grudge against anyone among your people, but love your neighbor as yourself. I am the LORD. Leviticus 19:18

- Leviticus is mostly laws that kept the Hebrew people safe, healthy, and peaceful.
- It is decreed in this book that priests shall be members of the tribe of Levi and descendants of Moses' brother Aaron.
- Moses describes things are that are considered "unclean," such as various animals and insects. God's purpose was to protect people from germs and unhealthy living.
- Moses teaches the Day of Atonement. It is a ceremony that takes place only once a year. The High Priest enters into the Holy of Holies (the most special part of the tabernacle) and offers a sacrifice to God for sins of the entire nation. No one else could go in there.



Covering the time period of 1450 - 1400 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The famous "40 years" of desert wandering is established in Numbers for the Hebrew people. Israel could have been a nation after two or three years, but Numbers shows them being terrible fighters with little to no faith, so God sends them to wander and build maturity and strength.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

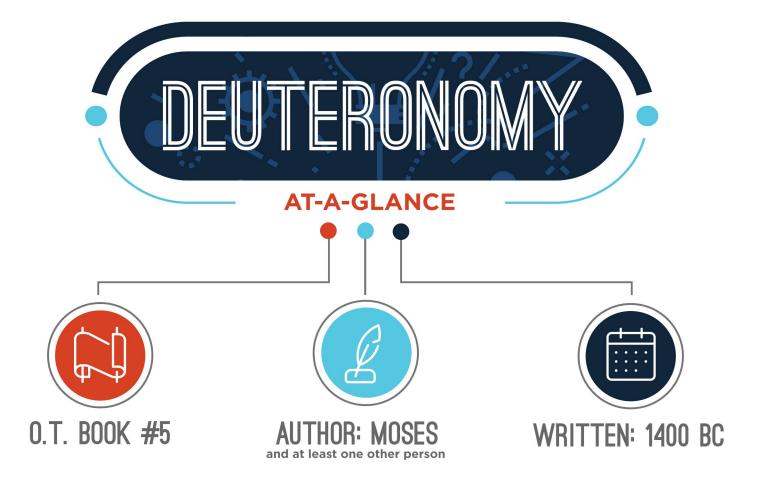
- Spies saw giants in the land Moses wanted to invade, and grieved the Lord with their lack of faith;
- An enemy, Balak, easily taught the people of Israel to worship Baal, a false god, and they upset God so badly that 24,000 of them died.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

God is not a human, that he should lie, not a human being, that he should change his mind. Does he speak and then not act? Does he promise and not fulfill? *Numbers 23:19*

But as for you, your bodies will fall in this wilderness. Your children will be shepherds here for forty years, suffering for your unfaithfulness, until the last of your bodies lies in the wilderness. *Numbers 14:32-33*

- Numbers takes the reader on the long journey through a desert that lasted 40 years because the people failed tests of endurance, ethics, good judgment, and faith.
- There are some long lists in this book, including two censuses.
- Numbers shows how God wanted to make the Hebrew people strong, but they were very resistant complainers. Hence, in Numbers 14 is where God gave the sentence that they would wander for 40 years.



Covering the time period of 1450 to 1400 BC and the Mosaic laws, which applied until shortly after the death of Christ, when the temple was destroyed in 70 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Deuteronomy contains the death of Moses as well as a repeat of the Ten Commandments first found in Exodus 20.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

The death of Moses

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Let no one be found among you who sacrifices their son or daughter in the fire, who practices divination or sorcery, interprets omens, engages in witchcraft. Deuteronomy 18:10

Since then, no prophet has risen in Israel like Moses, whom the Lord knew face to face. Deuteronomy 34:10

- The Book of Deuteronomy contains a repeat of all the Mosaic laws, plus the death of Moses. It is the only book in the first five to record Moses' death.
- The children who had left Egypt were adults when Deuteronomy was written. They were quite ready to battle for the Promised Land. Deuteronomy repeats the laws in other books, specifically directing it to this new generation.
- The last few chapters describe Moses' final blessing on the children of Israel as well as his death (which must have been written by another person). teach sunday school 12



Covering the time period of 1400 BC to 1375 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: This book begins the story of Israel as a nation and contains the first events to take place after the Exodus.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

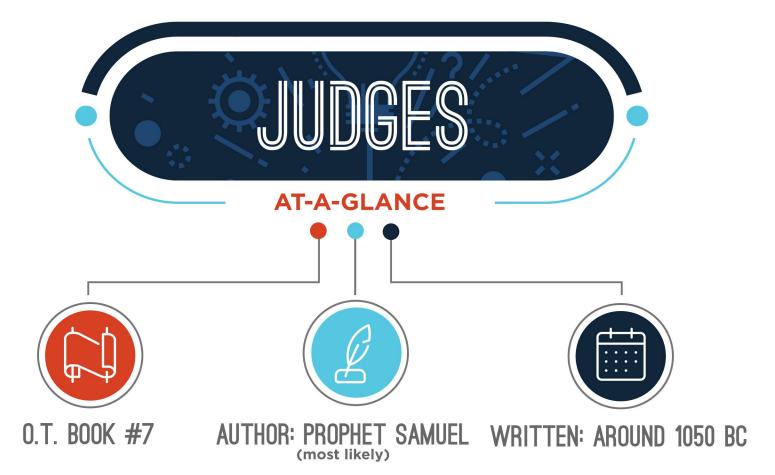
- Joshua and the troops surrounded Jericho, blew trumpets, and shouted, which made the walls fall down. (Joshua 6)
- Rahab the harlot protected the spies of Israel, so she and her family were saved, and she married into one of the families in Israel. (Joshua 6)
- The sun stood still in the sky so Joshua and his men could see to fight. (Joshua 10:12-14)

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"Have I not commanded you? Be strong and courageous. Do not be afraid; do not be discouraged, for the LORD your God will be with you wherever you go." **Joshua 1:9**

But Joshua had commanded the army, "Do not give a war cry, do not raise your voices, do not say a word until the day I tell you to shout. Then shout!" Joshua 6:10

- The first eight chapters of Joshua cover the first battle for Israel, which was Jericho. They also cover the battle to win Ai, which gave the nation two pieces of land.
- In Joshua 9 through 12, the army continues fighting with Joshua as their leader. They conquer and obtain more of the Promised Land, with one great miracle being the sun stopping in the sky.
- In the rest of the chapters, 13 to 24, Joshua and his team divide the lands they conquered among the tribes. In chapters 23 and 24, Joshua gives a farewell address and dies at age 110.



Covering the time period of 1350 - 1050 BC

7

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains stories of a famous female judge and a female assassin.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

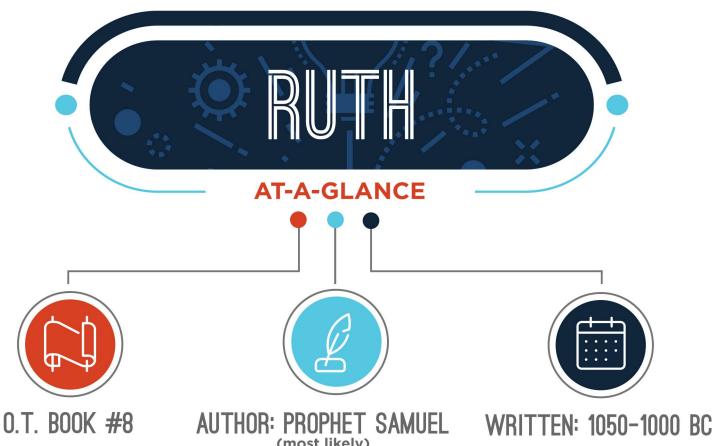
- Judge Deborah and Barak defeat their enemies at Canaan. (Judges 4)
- Gideon defeats the Midianites with only 300 men. (Judges 6)
- Delilah deceives Samson and steals his strength. (Judges 16)

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

So he told her everything. "No razor has ever been used on my head," he said, "because I have been a Nazirite dedicated to God from my mother's womb. If my head were shaved, my strength would leave me, and I would become as weak as any other man."

Judges 16:17

- There was a time when God wanted to be head of Israel and for the people to trust in him instead of in a king. The Book of Judges covers that time period.
- During those 300 years, Israel was served by a series of 15 judges. Some were very good, like Deborah
 and Samuel. Some were very evil like Abimelech who had 70 of his half-brothers killed in a conspiracy to
 become king.
- The judges often made poor, unethical choices because they didn't seek God for their decisions but did things on their own. However, they had God as their king, which kept them out of deep trouble.



Covering the time period of 1150 - 1100 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Ruth became the great-grandmother of King David after a good deed of refusing to desert her mother-in-law, who was from Israel. Her story takes places mostly in Bethlehem, the future birthplace of Jesus.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

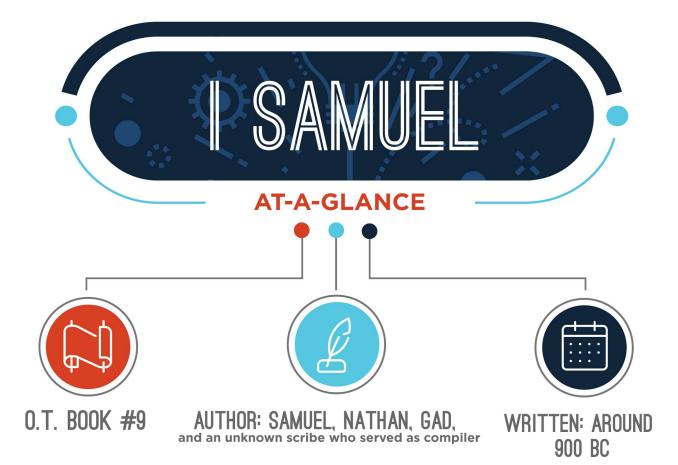
Ruth goes to sleep on the threshing floor to earn the trust of Boaz, a man she wanted to marry and who had been kind to her.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"Where you die I will die, and there I will be buried. May the LORD deal with me, be it ever so severely, if even death separates you and me." Ruth 1:17

The women living there said, "Naomi has a son!" And they named him Obed. He was the father of Jesse, the father of David. Ruth 4:17

- Ruth is only four chapters long and is a story. Ruth was from Moab, but after her husband died and her mother-in-law's husband died, she agreed to return with her widowed mother-in-law to Israel. This was a remarkable leap of faith for a young girl, who would have had many chances to remarry in the familiarity of her own people.
- Her mother-in-law was Naomi. With Naomi's wisdom and God's grace, they moved from a situation of beggars in Bethlehem to Ruth finding a kind and generous husband who took Naomi in as a mother also. Ruth and the man, Boaz, had a baby boy whom they named Obed. He was the father of Jesse, who became the father of King David.



Covering the time period of 1150 BC - 1000 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famous story of David killing Goliath

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Samuel's mother gives him to the priests to raise.
- Samuel hears God's voice as a boy.
- Samuel anoints David as future king.
- David kills Goliath.
- Saul calls on a witch to bring the prophet Samuel back to life and speak to him.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

But the LORD said to Samuel, "Do not consider his appearance or his height, for I have rejected him. The LORD does not look at the things human beings look at. People look at the outward appearance, but the LORD looks at the heart." *1 Samuel 16:7*

But Samuel replied: "Does the LORD delight in burnt offerings and sacrifices as much as in obeying the LORD? To obey is better than sacrifice, and to heed is better than the fat of rams." 1 Samuel 15:22

- 1 Samuel contains the stories of Samuel the prophet, King Saul, and King David's trials before he was king.
- Prior to Samuel, the people of Israel had been in tribes, held loosely together. But God transformed them into a unified nation under one form of government in this part of their history. First Samuel focuses on the establishment of Israel as a nation.
- The people demanded a king because all the surrounding nations had one, and they were giving in to peer pressure.
- The first king was Saul, and the second king was David. This book covers mostly the prophet Samuel growing up, King Saul's good and bad adventures, and his chasing down David to try to kill him. The book ends with the death of Saul.









O.T. BOOK #10 AUTHOR: PROPHETS NATHAN AND GAD WRITTEN: AROUND were main contributors. Samuel also is thought to have 900 RC contributed records and such, even though he died during the reign of King Saul.

Covering the time period of 1000-975 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Covers the reign of King David

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- David brings the Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem and embarrasses his wife while dancing joyfully. (2 Samuel 8)
- David takes Bathsheba, another man's wife. (2 Samuel 11)
- The attempted coup and death of David's son Absalom (2 Samuel 18)

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

His attendants asked him, "Why are you acting this way? While the child was alive, you fasted and wept, but now that the child is dead, you get up and eat!" He answered, "While the child was still alive, I fasted and wept. I thought, 'Who knows? The LORD may be gracious to me and let the child live.'"

2 Samuel 12:21-22

- Second Samuel covers the reign of King David. He became known as the first good king of Israel. There were only a few good kings!
- Chapters 1 through 10 show David as an excellent warrior and leader who also is compassionate to the sick and poor and always tries to do what would make God happy.
- In Chapters 11 through 24, we see David facing trials and tribulations. There are many upsets in his family, including his bad choice to commit adultery, the death of an infant son, and a coup attempt by his oldest son, who ended up being killed by David's own warriors.



Covering the time period of 975-850 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the stories of the prophet Elijah, one of the most important prophets, who appeared at the Transfiguration with Jesus and Moses in Matthew 17.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Solomon decides which woman is the real mother of the baby.
- Solomon builds the Temple.
- Elijah confounds the prophets of the false god Baal and gets hundreds of them killed.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

And observe what the LORD your God requires: Walk in obedience to him, and keep his decrees and commands, his laws and regulations, as written in the Law of Moses. Do this so that you may prosper in all you do and wherever you go. 1 Kings 2:3

Now Elijah the Tishbite, from Tishbe in Gilead, said to Ahab, "As the LORD, the God of Israel, lives, whom I serve, there will be neither dew nor rain in the next few years except at my word." 1 Kings 17:1

- 1 Kings continues the stories that began in 1 Samuel and continued in 2 Samuel. 1 Kings covers the reign of David's son, King Solomon, known as the wisest and wealthiest man alive.
- The death of King Solomon occurs in Chapter 11.
- In Chapter 12, Solomon's son Rehoboam causes an uproar when he increases taxes instead of decreasing them, according to the request of the people via the elders. The kingdom splits into two and remains two kingdoms until the Babylonian invasion and exile, beginning in 586 BC
- The story of Elijah and the prophets of Baal is in 1 Kings 18. However most of 1 Kings after the split in the kingdom are snippets of each of the kings. They include the kings of Israel and the kings of Judah. Each snippet says whether that king did good or evil in the eyes of the Lord. Most did evil!



Covering the time period of 850-575 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the story of Elijah being taken alive up to heaven.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Elijah is swept up to heaven.
- Elisha raises a boy from the dead.
- Naaman is cured of leprosy by washing in dirty water.
- Jerusalem is plundered by the Babylonians, and the Great Exile begins.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

The company of the prophets at Bethel came out to Elisha and asked, "Do you know that the LORD is going to take your master from you today?" "Yes, I know," Elisha replied... 2 Kings 2:3

Elijah answered the captain, "If I am a man of God, may fire come down from heaven and consume you and your fifty men!" Then fire fell from heaven and consumed the captain and his men. **2 Kings 1:10**

- 2 Kings begins where 1 Kings leaves off.
- Chapters 2 through 7 cover the ministry of the prophet Elisha after Elijah is taken up to heaven.
 Chapter 13 covers the death of Elisha.
- The book covers the reigns of many kings of Israel and Judah, telling short stories about some of the most notable, good and evil. It ends with Chapter 25 and the Babylonian invasion of Judah, when Solomon's temple was destroyed.



Covering the time period of 4000 BC to 975 BC

13

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Covers the first half of the entire history of Israel.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

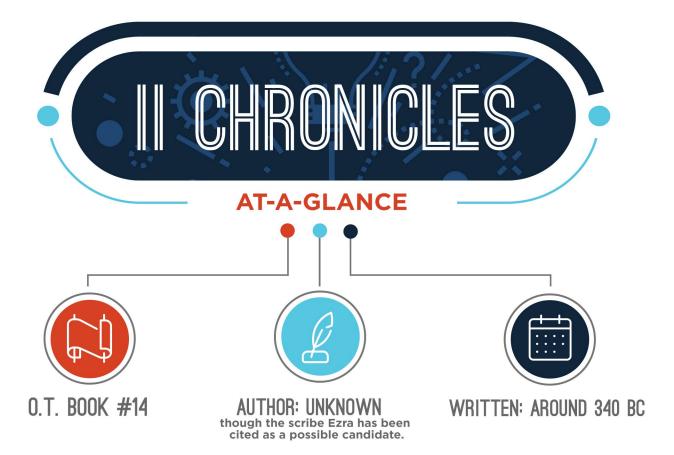
God tells David not to build a temple for him because he had shed blood as a warrior.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

In another battle with the Philistines, Elhanan son of Jair killed Lahmi the brother of Goliath the Gittite, who had a spear with a shaft like a weaver's rod. In still another battle, which took place at Gath, there was a huge man with six fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot—twenty-four in all. He also was descended from Rapha. When he taunted Israel, Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother, killed him. 1 Chronicles 20:5-7

David said to Solomon: "My son, I had it in my heart to build a house for the Name of the Lord my God. But this word of the Lord came to me: 'You have shed much blood and have fought many wars. You are not to build a house for my Name, because you have shed much blood on the earth in my sight. 1 Chronicles 22:7-8

- Originally, the Chronicles were one combined book, not 1 and 2 Chronicles. The purpose of it was to present an entire history of Israel. 1 Chronicles gives the history from Adam through King David.
- The book repeats some famous Bible stories from other books. It gives a different perspective at times, the same as the gospels give different looks at the same stories. It also adds some detail not found in other books, including more deaths of giants related to Goliath.
- There are many lists in Chronicles, including genealogies and laws.
- It ends with Chapter 28, David having given the job of building the temple from plans he created to his son Solomon, soon to be king.



Covering the time period of 975 BC through 525 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the history of King Solomon finishing the temple.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Solomon prays to God for wisdom instead of long life, power, or money, so he is given
- The Queen of Sheba visits Solomon.
- King Cyrus of Persia rebuilds the temple after releasing Israel from the Great Exile to Babylon.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If my people, who are called by my name, will humble themselves and pray and seek my face and turn from their wicked ways, then I will hear from heaven, and I will forgive their sin and will heal their land. 2 Chronicles 7:14

God said to Solomon, "Since this is your heart's desire and you have not asked for wealth, possessions or honor, nor for the death of your enemies, and since you have not asked for a long life but for wisdom and knowledge to govern my people over whom I have made you king, 12 therefore wisdom and knowledge will be given you. And I will also give you wealth, possessions and honor, such as no king who was before you ever had and none after you will have." 2 Chronicles 1:11-12

- 2 Chronicles starts with the famous story of Solomon asking for wisdom. It continues with information and stories about Solomon building the Temple through Chapter 8.
- The Queen of Sheba visits Solomon in Chapter 9.
- 2 Chronicles covers the reigns of all the kings of Israel and Judah after the split of the united kingdom of Kings Saul, David, and Solomon.
- Like the Kings, this book gives little snippets about each king and notes whether they grieved or pleased the Lord. (Only a handful, all from Judah, pleased the Lord.)
- The closing chapter, 36, summarizes the 70 years of captivity in the Great Exile and also summarizes Cyrus, King of Persia, releasing the Jews to go home and his funding of the rebuilding of the Temple.



Covering the time period of 550-510 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famed story of hundreds of men sending away foreign wives, whom they had married against God's wishes. The story covers the period following the Great Exile and the rebuilding of the Temple.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

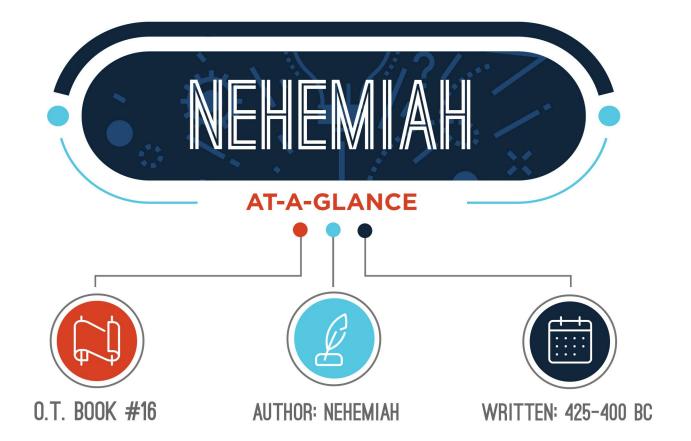
- King Cyrus decrees the work of the Temple may begin.
- Men with foreign wives sent them all away.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Then the family heads of Judah and Benjamin, and the priests and Levites - everyone whose heart God had moved prepared to go up and build the house of the LORD in Jerusalem. Ezra 1:5

Therefore, do not give your daughters in marriage to their sons or take their daughters for your sons. Do not seek a treaty of friendship with them at any time, that you may be strong and eat the good things of the land and leave it to your children as an everlasting inheritance. Ezra 9:12

- This book details the rebuilding of Solomon's Temple after the Great Exile.
- In the book of Ezra, the rebuilding of the new temple is the center of all. It shows the unity among the returning tribes as they came home from the Babylonian Exile. Later, the first returnees stopped work on the city walls. Workers felt burned out and became spiritually lazy.
- Ezra arrived with another 2,000 people. His enthusiasm and power from the Lord sparked a spiritual revival.
- One problem before the exile was that men had married foreigners, who chronically drove them away from God and into idolatry. Ezra was dumbfounded to find that people were already doing this again—before the Temple was even built! When the men repented and offered to send these foreign wives away, Ezra did not object.
- By the end of Ezra, Israel had renewed its relationship with God and were being very obedient.



Covering the time period of 450 - 430 BC



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME:

One of the few books in the Bible written in first person. It covers the last piece of history recorded in our Old Testament.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Nehemiah gets Israel's leaders to stop charging tax to the returnees of the Great Exile.
- Nehemiah gets tough with the men who had married foreign wives, especially the priests.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

They said to me, "Those who survived the exile and are back in the province are in great trouble and disgrace. The wall of Jerusalem is broken down, and its gates have been burned with fire." Nehemiah 1:3

- Many scholars feel this book is a sequel to Ezra.
- Nehemiah was a layman, not a priest like Ezra, and he wasn't a prophet either. He served the king of Persia and then led a group of Jews to Jerusalem with the task in his heart to rebuild and fortify the city walls.
- He helped Israel keep its foot out of several traps, including getting back into the habit of marrying foreigners who worshipped other Gods.
- He helped them rebuild the wall in spite of great adversity. Men were working in so much rubble that it caused confusion, injuries, and exhaustion. Foreign kings and their people mocked them, saying they were feeble and couldn't finish. But they did. The wall was said to have been completed in Chapter 6.
- Nehemiah continued to help until people were resettling in Jerusalem. In the last chapter, 13, he oversees the laws being reestablished and a very organized temple.



Covering the time period of 480-475 BC

17

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Only book in the Bible not to mention the name of God. (Yet the story of Esther is quite godly!)

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

Esther is one story about a woman of Israel who became queen in a foreign land and stopped a genocide meant to kill all Jews in the land.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"If the king regards me with favor and if it pleases the king to grant my petition and fulfill my request, let the king and Haman come tomorrow to the banquet I will prepare for them. Then I will answer the king's question." Esther 5:8

In every province and in every city to which the edict of the king came, there was joy and gladness among the Jews, with feasting and celebrating. And many people of other nationalities became Jews because fear of the Jews had seized them. Esther 8:17

- The book takes place in Susa, east of the Tigris River, which is now part of Iraq. It is the only Bible story to take place east of what is thought to be the Garden of Eden.
- In Chapters 1 and 2, Esther becomes queen of Susa. A man named Mordecai had adopted Esther after she was orphaned and before she became queen. Chapter 4 features Mordecai discovering a plot to have all the Jewish people in the kingdom executed. The evil plot was started by Haman.
- Esther was able to talk her husband, a very strong king, out of the genocide through a combination of wits and humility and support from Mordecai.
- The evil Haman ended up being killed on the very devices he had designed to kill the Jewish people in Chapter 7.
- King Xerxes, Esther's husband, cancelled the plot and, in the closing chapter, 10, Mordecai was promoted to second in command.



Covering the time period between 2100 and 1900 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: May be the only Bible book written before Genesis

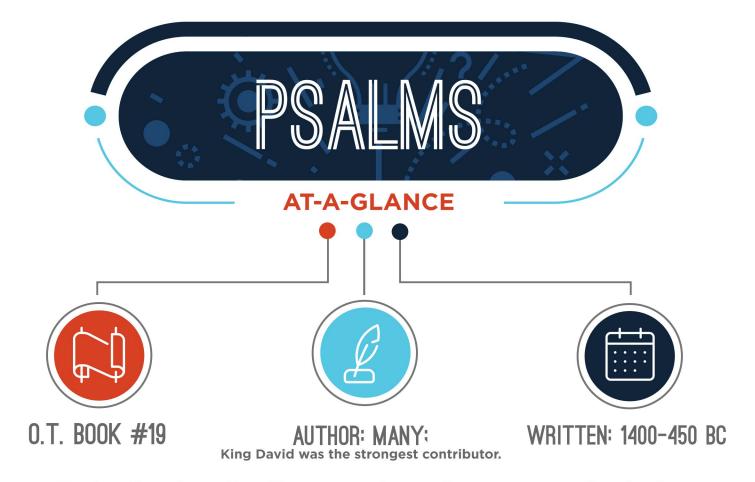
FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

The Book of Job is one story about a man who goes through extreme testing with the loss of his children, businesses, and eventually his own health.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

His wife said to him, "Are you still maintaining your integrity? Curse God and die!" He replied, "You are talking like a foolish woman. Shall we accept good from God, and not trouble? Job 2:9-10

- Job's blessings are described in Chapter 1. Then his losses in the trial from Satan are described, ending in Chapter 2.
- In Chapters 3 through 37, Job converses with three friends who showed up. They want to make him feel better, but they confound their own efforts by accusing him of "earning" his trial by having sinned. Job has not sinned, and he refuses to say a bad word about God.
- In Chapters 37 through 40, God confronts them all, especially Job, with a strong speech on why they are not big enough or smart enough to question his acts.
- In the closing chapter, 41, God restores all of Job's losses, giving him twice as much as before and 10 more children.



Psalms is written for all eras to enjoy and was meant to be timeless.

19

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Of the 150 Psalms, over half were written by King David

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Yeah, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil; for thou art with me. Psalm 23:4

Take delight in the LORD and he will give you the desires of your heart. Psalm 37:4

- Psalms are poetry, generally meant to be put to music, though the translations out of their original and beautiful language often makes that hard today.
- Individual psalms were written as early as Moses' time, around 1450 BC. More were added through the time of David and Solomon around 1000 BC. Additions continued after the Babylonian captivity around 500 BC. That means the writing spanned nearly 1,000 years.
- The Psalms have always been quite popular because they apply to every time and every person. Psalms of sorrow, psalms of praise, prophetic psalms, and words of encouragement still make this one of the most popular books in the Bible.



Like Psalms, Proverbs was written for all eras to enjoy and was meant to be timeless.

20

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

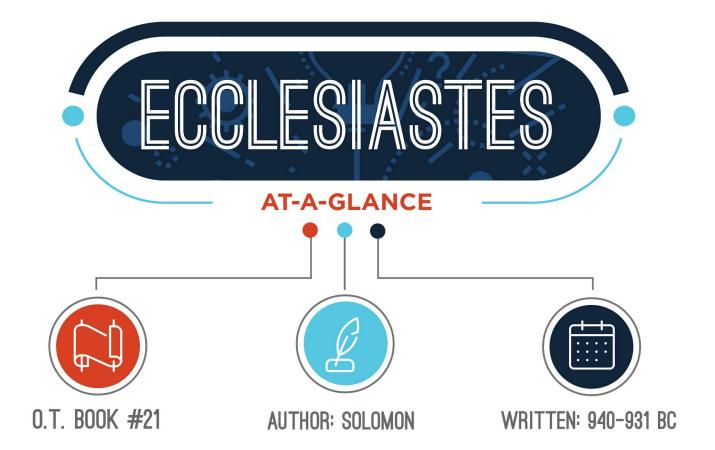
CLAIMS TO FAME: Is called "the wisdom book," and is searched as much today as ever for wisdom and guidance in all sorts of dealings.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Trust in the LORD with all your heart and lean not on your own understanding. Proverbs 3:5

A wife of noble character who can find? She is worth far more than rubies. **Proverbs 31:10**

- Proverbs is known for its short instructions for living an effective life on earth. It contains no stories or theology, as many other Old Testament books do. It simply states wisdom for all to enjoy and use.
- Two strong principles emphasized in Proverbs include listening to those who have gone before us, such as parents, teachers, and older people in general. The other principle is having humility. We are encouraged not to speak rashly or without seeing the consequences of our acting arrogant.



The book contains timeless wisdom meant for all generations to enjoy.

21

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The book is the thoughts of King Solomon and shows his great wisdom in essay format, as opposed to short rhyming verses like the Proverbs.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

There is a time for everything, and a season for every activity under the heavens: *Ecclesiastes 3:1*

Now all has been heard; here is the conclusion of the matter; Fear God and keep his commandments, for this is the duty of every human being. Ecclesiastes 12:13

- Solomon was wealthy, wise, and successful in all of his dealings, including building the first temple for God. However, he shared an emptiness in Ecclesiastes that comes from not conversing with God enough to have a strong relationship with him. Solomon had already tried many things to ease his sense of feeling lost in the world-pleasure, work, and intelligence.
- The book is 12 chapters long and reads like essays or even journals, where Solomon was simply thinking aloud. However, it is organized, without the "little of this/little of that" feeling that comes with the Proverbs and even the Psalms.
- This book is a favorite of several types of people. Those suffering from depression can relate to Solomon. Those with great intellect enjoy his wisdom, even if this book isn't greatly hopeful in its tone. People looking to fill a void that pleasure hasn't filled will find it very relatable.



The book is meant to be enjoyed by romantic lovers of any era.

22

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Song of Solomon is considered the romantic book of the Bible for people in love. It was written as one continuing poem.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Strengthen me with raisins, refresh me with apples, for I am faint with love. Song of Solomon 2:5

Dark am I, yet lovely, daughters of Jerusalem, dark like the tents of Kedar, like the tent curtains of Solomon. Song of Solomon 1:5

- We live in a world where sexual relations have often been spoken of as dangerous and sinful. Much of the Bible speaks of the dangers of falling in love with the wrong person or becoming sexually engaged with the wrong person. Stories from Samson and Delilah to the adulterous woman charged in front of Jesus can be jarring in their warnings.
- Therefore, Solomon's poetry helps to balance out with reminders that romantic passion is a great thing. Solomon began the book with the two lovers in courtship. They express how much they longing for affection and how they love each other. Eventually, they come together in marriage, the groom extolling his bride's beauty. Finally, she struggles with the idea of desertion, while the man promises always to be faithful. All of this expresses the goodness of love and marriage.
- Some say the book also reflects the feelings of Christ and his love for his bride, which is the church.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 700 BC - 25 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: This prophet is said to have written the most prophesies about the coming of Jesus.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

Isaiah contains no stories. However, it is loaded with prophecy that closely matches the life of Jesus, and it has been used as a source of proof. Here are some prophecies it contains:

- The announcement of Christ's coming (Isaiah 40:3-5)
- The virgin birth (7:14)
- Christ proclaiming the good news (61:1)
- Christ's death as a sin sacrifice (52:13-53:12)
- The second coming of Christ (60:2-3)

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For to us a child is born, to us a son is given, and the government will be on his shoulders. And he will be called Wonderful Counselor, Mighty God, Everlasting Father, Prince of Peace. Isaiah 9:6

Therefore the Lord himself will give you a sign: The virgin will conceive and give birth to a son, and will call him Immanuel. Isaiah 7:14

- Isaiah prophesied under the reign of four Judean kings: Uzziah, Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah. He most likely met his death under a fifth, the evil King Manasseh. Many scholars believe the prophet referred to in Hebrews 11:37 is Isaiah. It says that one of the prophets was sawn in two.
- Early chapters give detailed judgments against the people who have turned their backs on the Lord. Later chapters show God's faithfulness, even though mankind is stubborn and sinful.
- Unlike some of the other prophets, Isaiah does not prophesy about our times or the end times. He focuses much on the people of his day (who were about to be exiled if they didn't straighten out, and on the times of Christ.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 575 BC - 25 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Jeremiah was known as the lamenting prophet, because God was so mad at the time he prophesied, and true prophetic news from God was rarely good. However, the Prophet also offers some of the most beautiful words of hope in the Bible.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

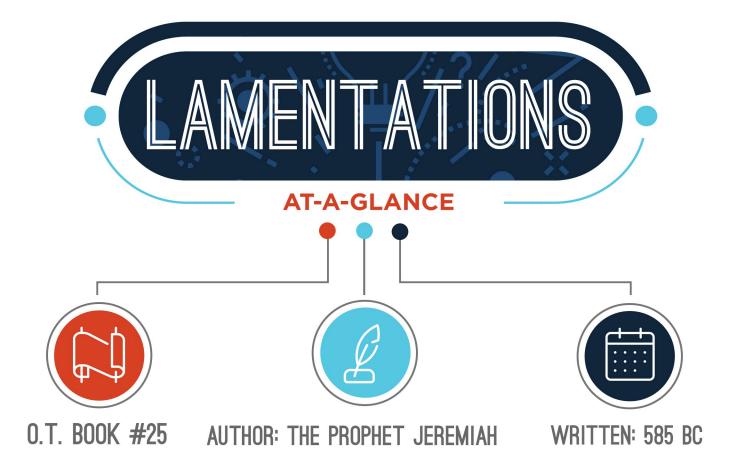
There are no stories in Jeremiah—only prophecies

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For I know the plans I have for you," declares the LORD, "plans to prosper you and not to harm you, plans to give you hope and a future. Jeremiah 29:11

"Call to me and I will answer you and tell you great and unsearchable things you do not know.'" Jeremiah 33:3

- Jeremiah was nearly 20 years old when he began to prophesy. He prophesied for the rest of his adult life of 40 years or more.
- Jeremiah was prophesying to a nation behaving terribly, and judgment from God was on its way. The Kingdom of Judah had watched as the Kingdom of Israel was destroyed by the Assyrians. They feared the Babylonians who would eventually overpower them and take them away in exile. But rather than ask God for help and repenting, they continued to hurt others and themselves.
- Jeremiah also makes great references to the new covenant God intended to have once Christ came to earth. This new covenant would be the means with which he would restore his relationship with mankind. Jeremiah wrote that God would write his law in our hearts and we would worship God directly and not through priests.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 586-585 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

25

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Only book of prophecy that looks more backwards than forward

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

While not considered a story, the book is a very visual and spiritual look by the author at the horror that had become of Judah just after the Babylonian invasion and exile.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

The roads to Zion mourn, for no one comes to her appointed festivals. All her gateways are desolate, her priests groan, her young women grieve, and she is in bitter anguish. Lamentations 1:4

Those who once ate delicacies are destitute in the streets. Those nurtured in purple now lie on ash heaps. Lamentations 4:5

- The Babylonian invasion of the Southern Kingdom (Kingdom of Judah) had just taken place in 586 BC. Jeremiah expressed raw emotion, as if he had just walked through the streets and alleys of Jerusalem and saw nothing but destruction and suffering and heartbreak.
- Lamentations is not so much prophecy as it is a lament over what had become of Jerusalem after the invasion and how it all could have been avoided.
- The book is basically one description after another of the awful conditions and suffering as the exile began. However, there are notes of hope and God's love interspersed throughout.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 585 BC to the future

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The story of Ezekiel's wheel is in Chapter 1; Ezekiel has some visions that concern our times (modern times).

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Ezekiel sees the Wheel of Time in the air
- Valley of the Dry Bones, signifying the rebirth of Israel in modern times

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Say to them, 'As surely as I live, declares the Sovereign LORD, I take no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but rather that they turn from their ways and live. Turn! Turn from your evil ways! Why will you die, house of Israel?' **Ezekiel 33:11**

This was the appearance and structure of the wheels: They sparkled like topaz, and all four looked alike. Each appeared to be made like a wheel intersecting a wheel... *Ezekiel 1:16*

Prophesy to these bones and say to them, 'Dry bones, hear the word of the Lord! This is what the Sovereign Lord says to these bones: I will make breath enter you, and you will come to life.' **Ezekiel 37:4-5**

- The Book of Ezekiel begins before the Babylonian invasion and exile. Ezekiel prophesies about it in the early chapters of the book. His warnings become so extreme: he even predicts that people will resort to cannibalism of loved ones in order to find food if people didn't turn away from their horrific actions. But the people refused to listen.
- Ezekiel then lived among the Jewish exiles in Babylon. He lived in a riverside community south of Babylon called Tel Aviv where over 10,000 exiled Jews had been taken. He prophesied there for around 22 years.
- Ezekiel gave his people hope. But he also prophesied about the end of times, and those prophesies included Israel becoming a nation again after years of wandering the earth. That came true in 1948. It was prophesied by Ezekiel after God gave him a vision of mountains of dry bones coming back together and gathering flesh on their bones. Because that took place in Ezekiel 37, many Bible scholars are carefully watching Ezekiel's final chapters, 38-40 to see what details emerge in our world that will fit those prophecies.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 536 BC- the future

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the great stories of Daniel in the lions' den and Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego in the fiery furnace. It is also famous for its end-times prophecies that closely match the Book of Revelation.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- King Belshazzar sees an invisible hand writing on the wall.
- Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego in the fiery furnace
- Daniel in the lions' den

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

At that time Michael, the great prince who protects your people, will arise. There will be a time of distress such as has not happened from the beginning of nations until then. But at that time your people – everyone whose name is found written in the book – will be delivered. **Daniel 12:1**

Multitudes who sleep in the dust of the earth will awake: some to everlasting life, others to shame and everlasting contempt. **Daniel 12:2**

- Daniel was still a teenager when he was deported to Babylon with many others in the Great Exile.
 Babylon was extremely polytheistic, worshipping many gods, but Daniel only wanted to worship the God of Israel.
- His faithfulness, wisdom, and education enabled King Nebuchadnezzar to say that the God of Israel is God.
- The chapters in Daniel are thick and focused, giving many details about one subject rather than a few details about many subjects. The first six chapters are history and include all the stories listed above. In Chapter 7, the book makes a turn and becomes prophecy about the future. Daniel hears from the angel Gabriel who announced that the exile will last 70 years. Daniel goes on to prophesy about our future, and things that have not taken place yet.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 750 BC- 6 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: God told Hosea to marry a woman who would never be faithful, because the marriage is like God and Israel.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

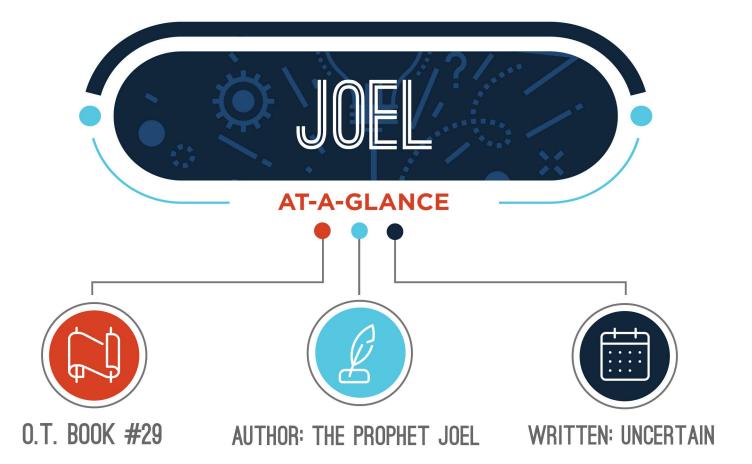
Hosea is told to marry a woman who would not be faithful to represent Israel and its behavior toward God.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"When Israel was a child, I loved him, and out of Egypt I called my son." Hosea 11:1

My people are destroyed from lack of knowledge. "Because you have rejected knowledge, I also reject you as my priests; because you have ignored the law of your God, I also will ignore your children." Hosea 4:6

- Hosea directed his early prophecies to Jeroboam II, the 13th king of the Northern Kingdom around 750 BC. Israel was full of idolatry. God planned to allow Assyria to invade if people didn't repent. They didn't.
- He prophesied at the same time as Isaiah and about 10 years after Jonah was swallowed by the great fish and told to prophesy to Nineveh.
- Hosea obeyed God and married a woman who would not be faithful to him. He thus was able to prophesy with great passion about how God felt about all Israel's unfaithfulness.
- The book contains warnings of the coming Assyrian invasion on the Northern Kingdom and the Babylonian invasion of the Southern Kingdom. The northern invasion was right around the corner, occurring in 722 BC. The invasion of the Southern Kingdom by the Babylonians, would happen 150 years later. Nobody listened to Hosea.
- This book contains the famous prophecy about Jesus living for a while in Egypt as a child (see Hosea 11:1 above). His parents took him there when Joseph was told in a dream that King Herod was trying to kill the young Messiah. They returned from Egypt upon Herod's death, as noted in Matthew 2:15.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: Possibly 725 BC - Future

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The first prophet to prophesy about "the day of the Lord;" quoted by Apostle Peter during his speech to thousands on the Day of Pentecost.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

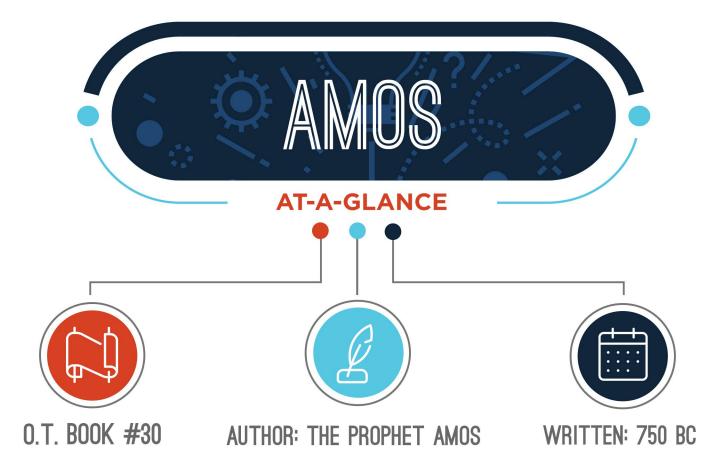
There are no stories in this prophetic book; only great images

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Blow the trumpet in Zion; sound the alarm on my holy hill. Let all who live in the land tremble. for the day of the Lord is coming. It is close at hand Joel 2:1

And afterward, I will pour out my Spirit on all people. Your sons and daughters will prophesy, vour old men will dream dreams. your young men will see visions. **Joel 2:28**

- The problem dating the Book of Joel comes through the fact that the prophet has very little to say about himself. Many of the prophets name the kings under which they were serving, but Joel does not.
- Joel prophesied about destruction that could apply to the Babylonian invasion or the destruction of the temple in 70 AD, or other traumatic times for Israel. He also prophesied about the Day of the Lord (another name for the Second Coming of Christ), and therefore some of his prophecies remain futuristic.
- Joel is most famous for being quoted by Apostle Peter on the day of Pentecost (see Joel 2:28 above)



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 722 BC -516 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Amos was a shepherd and not from a family of trained priests or prophets.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

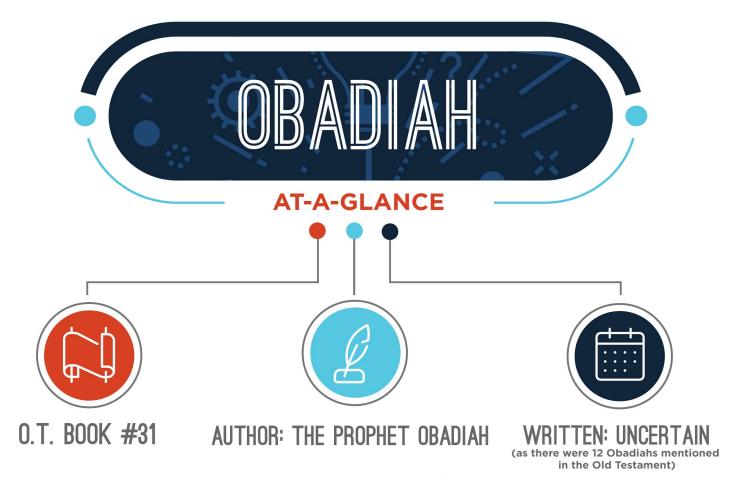
No stories are included in Amos, only firm judgments.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Surely the Sovereign LORD does nothing without revealing his plan to his servants the prophets. Amos 3:7

"I hate, I despise your religious festivals; I cannot stand your assemblies." Amos 5:21

- Amos was a shepherd. He lived with a group of shepherds in Tekoa, a small town 10 miles south of Jerusalem.
- Amos prophesied about 760 BC. Uzziah was king of Judah, and Jeroboam II was King of Israel. He was born in Judah but prophesied in Israel. He predicted the overthrow of the Kingdom of Israel by the Assyrians, which happened in 722 BC.
- He also predicted the doom of Judah and the doom of many surrounding nations. He had a short ministry, though his book contains nine chapters.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: Uncertain; any time between 700 BC and 575 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

31

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The shortest book in the Old Testament; exclusively a prophecy toward another nation—Edom.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

No stories are included in this short book of prophecy.

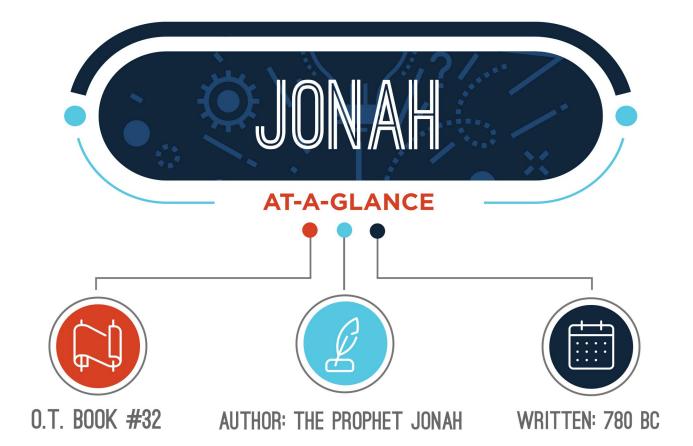
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

The pride of your heart has deceived you, you who live in the clefts of the rocks and make your home on the heights, you who say to yourself, "Who can bring me down to the ground?" *Obadiah 1:3*

Though you soar like the eagle and make your nest among the stars, from there I will bring you down," declares the LORD." Obadiah 1:4

Important Points about the Book:

Most of Obadiah's prophecy is judgment on the foreign nation of Edom. Therefore, Obadiah is one of only three prophets who pronounced judgment primarily on other nations. The others are the prophets Nahum and Habakkuk.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 775 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

32

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Jonah was swallowed by a giant fish after refusing to prophesy to the kingdom of Nineveh.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Jonah is swallowed by the giant fish.
- Jonah prophesies to Nineveh and the nation repents.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

And the LORD commanded the fish, and it vomited Jonah onto dry land. Jonah 2:10

And should I not have concern for the great city of Nineveh, in which there are more than a hundred and twenty thousand people who cannot tell their right hand from their left—and also many animals?" Jonah 4:11

- Jonah is only four chapters long. However, it is quite famous. Jonah being swallowed by the great fish is a favorite youth ministry story.
- Jesus mentioned Jonah. He said Jonah's three days in the belly of the fish were like the three days he would be in the grave before the resurrection.
- Jonah rejects God's command for him to preach to Nineveh. Jonah, like many people of Israel, thought Nineveh was filthy and beneath him. When he tried to escape to Tarshish on ship, it met up with a great storm. Reluctantly, the men on the ship through Jonah overboard after he confessed that God's wrath was after him.
- The big fish swallowed him and threw him up on the shores of the Great Sea, probably somewhere west of Jerusalem.
- Jonah then traveled to Nineveh and delivered God's warning and judgment. He was surprised when the king repented and the nation followed along. God reasoned with him, saying that he cared about the people of Nineveh and even their livestock.
- The book contains not only one of the most famous Bible miracles but it also a great study on what can happen when we behave like snobs.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 722 BC - Future

Old Testament: 39 Books

33

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famous scripture about the birth of Christ in Bethlehem.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

No stories are included in this book of prophecy

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"But you, Bethlehem Ephrathah, though you are small among the clans of Judah, out of you will come for me one who will be ruler over Israel, whose origins are from of old, from ancient times." Micah 5:2

He has shown all you people what is good. And what does the LORD require of you? To act justly and to love mercy and to walk humbly with your God. Micah 6:8

- Micah prophesied at the same time as Isaiah and Hosea. He prophesied during the tragic and historic years surrounding the Assyrian invasion of the Northern Kingdom. Micah predicted the event in Micah 1:6, and it came to pass between 10 and 15 years later, in 722 BC.
- Micah's earlier prophecies concern judgment on the kingdoms of Israel and Judah for idolatry. His later prophecies concern the future kingdom that Jesus spoke of.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 658-615 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

34

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Focused most on the coming judgment of Nineveh

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

 None; this book is a prophecy almost solely against Nineveh in Assyria.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

The LORD is good, a refuge in times of trouble. He cares for those who trust in him. **Nahum 1:7**

But with an overwhelming flood he will make an end of Nineveh; he will pursue his foes into darkness. **Nahum 1:8**

- The book is only three chapters long and almost exclusively focuses on God's pending judgment against Nineveh.
 Nineveh was the capitol of Assyria, the nation that had invaded and destroyed the Northern Kingdom (Kingdom of Israel) nearly a hundred years earlier.
- The name Nineveh may be familiar. It is the city Jonah preached to around 780 BC after he had been swallowed by the great fish. Nineveh did repent at that time. But this is more than 200 years later, and they are up to their bad tricks of idolatry, violence, invading the Northern Kingdom, and tormenting the Southern Kingdom (Kingdom of Judah).
- Many of God's prophecies have come at what seem like strange times. Assyria was very strong at the time of Nahum's prophesy. And 40 some years after Nahum prophesied the complete destruction of the city of Nineveh, its Assyrian army took Jews from the Northern Kingdom into exile. It looked like a very victorious time for the Assyrians. The 10 tribes of Israel that made up the Northern Kingdom completely disappeared into these and other foreign peoples.
- However, God was good to his word brought through Nahum. The Medean army took Nineveh in 612 BC and destroyed it forever. It was finally excavated, dug out of the sand, in the 1800s AD.



Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 608-598 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books

35

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: The prophecy is in response to heartfelt prayer and has been an encouragement for people to cry out in times of trouble.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

There are no stories, just prophecy.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"Write down the revelation and make it plain on tablets so that a herald may run with it. For the revelation awaits an appointed time; it speaks of the end and will not prove false. Though it linger, wait for it; it will certainly come and will not delay.

Habakkuk 2:2-3

Important Points about the Book:

- Habakkuk cried out to God during a very dark time in Israel. Habakkuk likely prophesied in the first five years of King Jehoiakim's reign. This king led the people into evil. The Assyrians had control of the Northern Kingdom (Kingdom of Israel) after a brutal invasion more than 100 years earlier. Habakkuk preached from the Southern Kingdom (Kingdom of Judah), which was still intact but less than 50 years away from its own invasion by Babylon
- that destroyed the Temple. The pressure was on.

The book begins with a heartfelt prayer to God, full of anguish about the evil Habakkuk was seeing around him. God responded with a prophecy that was general. Unlike other minor prophets, Habakkuk was not given the names of specific places that would fall. It was a general, but beautiful, promise that God was in charge, and no matter what happened, justice would occur in the end.



O.T. BOOK #36 AUTHOR: THE PROPHET ZEPHANIAH WRITTEN: 635-625 BC

Prophecies Come True in this Time Period: 605 BC to the future

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Zephaniah mentions the "day of the Lord" more than any other Old **Testament prophet.**

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

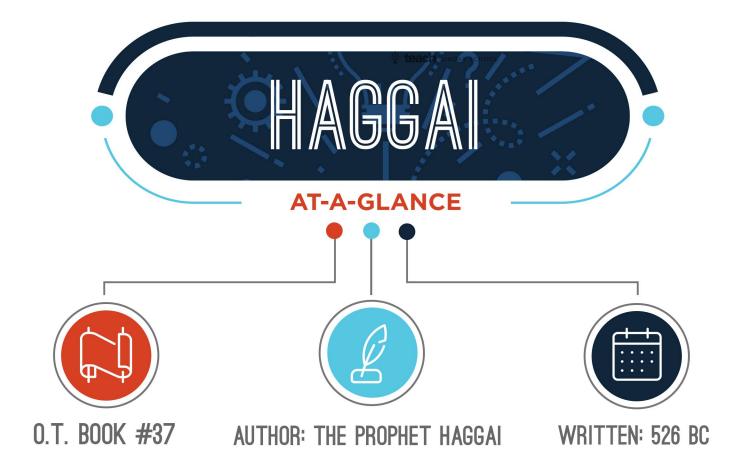
There are no stories in this book of prophecy, almost exclusively covering the end of time, known as "the day of the Lord"

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"I will sweep away everything from the face of the earth," declares the LORD. Zephaniah 1:2

Seek the LORD, all you humble of the land, you who do what he commands. Seek righteousness, seek humility; perhaps you will be sheltered on the day of the LORD's anger. Zephaniah 2:3

- Zephaniah prophesied during the reign of Josiah, the king of Judah from 640 to 609 BC. Josiah was one of the few good kings.
- This book only has three chapters. It mentions things that will happen on "the day of the Lord." Often, the term is used by the prophets to mean the coming of the end of time. However, it is also used to mean any time in history where God personally intervenes to protect his people and forward his will.



Covering this time period: 526 BC

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Haggai is known as one of the few prophets to whom the people of Israel actually listened.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

No stories are included in this book of prophecy, though the rebuilding of the Temple is what it's about. That story is found in the Book of Ezra.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Now this is what the Lord Almighty says: "Give careful thought to your ways. You have planted much, but harvested little. You eat, but never have enough. You drink, but never have your fill. You put on clothes, but are not warm. You earn wages, only to put them in a purse with holes in it." Haggai 1:5-6

- Haggai wrote from Jerusalem when many people had returned from the Babylonian exile. Those who had returned in hope 15 years earlier were now facing dire struggles. They lacked clothing and food and had been mocked by other nations brutally about rebuilding their temple. The mocking had drained them of faith so that they had quit.
- Haggai's messages are simple and straightforward. God tells the people through Haggai to rebuild the temple first. It would keep them from falling back into errors that had caused the Great Exile.
- The book is only two chapters and focuses specifically on getting the returnees to build the temple as top priority. Such would bring unity, faith, and strength back to them.









AUTHOR: THE PROPHET ZECHARIAH



Written: 520 BC- 484 BC 520 BC (his earlier prophecies) - 484 BC (about the Coming of Christ and the Second Coming)

Covering this time period: 520 BC - Future

Old Testament: 39 Books

38

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: This book contains the most references to the coming Messiah of any minor prophets.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

There are no stories included, but many prophecies about Jesus

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Rejoice greatly, Daughter Zion! Shout, Daughter Jerusalem! See, your king comes to you, righteous and having salvation, lowly and riding on a donkey, on a colt, the foal of a donkey. Zechariah 9:9

"And I will pour out on the house of David and the inhabitants of Jerusalem a spirit of grace and supplication. They will look on me, the one they have pierced, and they will mourn for him as one mourns for an only child, and grieve bitterly for him as one grieves for a firstborn son." Zechariah 12:10

- We often look for a chronological order when reading Bible prophecy, and that's one of the things that can make it confusing. Zechariah does things like refer to Jesus' first coming in Zechariah 9:9 (see above), which references Palm Sunday. Then in the very next verses, he refers to the Second Coming.
- Zechariah is quick to show us that God clearly sees a big picture. He sees what is coming as clearly as what is past. He is likely to cause prophecy that will mention the details of that big picture together, even though they may happen thousands of years apart.
- Zechariah's first eight chapters are directed to the builders of the Second Temple and the returnees from the Babylonian exile. He prophesies at the same time as Haggai, but while Haggai's messages were full of caution, Zechariah's are full of hope and encouragement.
- Chapters 9-14 are thought to have been given much later in his life. They refer mostly to the coming of the Messiah, both his life and death and his future return.



Covering this time period: 424 BC - 24 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

39

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Last book of the Old Testament

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

 There are no stories in this final book of Old Testament prophecy.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

See, I will send the prophet Elijah to you before that great and dreadful day of the LORD comes. *Malachi 4:5*

"Bring the whole tithe into the storehouse, that there may be food in my house. Test me in this," says the LORD Almighty, "and see if I will not throw open the floodgates of heaven and pour out so much blessing that there will not be room enough to store it." *Malachi 3:10*

- By the time of Malachi, the people of Judah had been back in Judah after the Babylonian exile for more than 100 years. They were looking for blessings. The temple had been rebuilt. However, there was corruption in the priesthood and the people had become spiritually disinterested.
- God showed the people through Malachi where they were falling short and in danger of hurting themselves and others again.
- The book closes with the famous passage above, Malachi 4:5. It refers to John the Baptist and is a verse most religious leaders knew about when Christ was alive. Jesus confirms the spirit of Elijah was in John the Baptist. But because people were looking for the physical appearance of Elijah, they missed the fact that John was God's messenger to announce the Messiah was here.



NEW TESTAMENT



Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: First Gospel in the New Testament

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- The visit of the Magi to the baby Jesus Herod's slaughter of the infants, and
- Jesus' parents fleeing with him to Egypt to escape
- Jesus tells Peter that he will be primary in his building of the Church (Upon this rock...)
- Jesus pays tax by his disciples finding a fish with a coin in its mouth.
- The story of Judas' suicide

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"Come to me, all you who are weary and burdened, and I will give you rest." Matthew 11:28

"Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit." *Matthew 28:19*

- Matthew was writing to Jews as opposed to Gentiles, which is why his gospel often quotes the Old Testament to show how prophecy was fulfilled. The other gospels don't do that.
- The book contains a genealogy that dates back to Abraham. It differs from a genealogy in early Luke. Some say that is because one is a list of legal parentage and the other is a bloodline. Because women died in childbirth often and men had come to have less longevity, often there were remarriages and adoptions. The list in Matthew contained names of legal parents, or those who were the parents at the time a person came of age.
- The book is also famous for containing the Great Commission, listed above in Matthew 28:19.



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Is thought to be a memoir dictated by the Apostle Peter

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Jesus tells Simon Peter and his brother Andrew that he will make them "fishers of men."
- Jesus specifically appoints 12 disciples
- early in his ministry.
- Jesus heals a deaf and mute man with his spittle.
- Jesus heals a blind man who reports that people look like trees; Jesus prays for him again.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"For even the Son of Man did not come to be served." but to serve, and to give His life a ransom for many." Mark 10:45

Then he called the crowd to him along with his disciples and said: "Whoever wants to be my disciple must deny themselves and take up their cross and follow me." Mark 8:34

- John Mark is thought first to be a friend of Apostle Peter, but then he traveled with Apostle Paul and his assistant Barnabas on Paul's first missionary journey around Asia Minor. The book is loaded with miracles. Mark's point was to show how powerful, kind, and merciful God is.
- The Gospel of Mark does not mention the birth or childhood of Jesus, but starts with the ministry of John the Baptist.
- Whereas Matthew presents Jesus as King, Mark presents him as a humble servant of man. That is why the verse above from Mark 10 is so beloved.



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the special Christmas story of shepherds watching over their flock by night.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Story of John the Baptist's birth to Elizabeth and Zechariah
- Shepherds watching over their flocks by night, who saw the host of angels at the birth of Jesus
- First miraculous catch of fish on the Lake of Gennesaret
- Raising of the widow's son from the dead in Nain
- Parable of the good Samaritan
- The rich man and Lazarus meet different fates after death
- The conversation between Jesus and the robbers as they are dying on the crosses

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For the Son of Man came to seek and to save what was lost. Luke 19:10

Jesus said, "Father, forgive them, for they do not know what they are doing." And they divided up his clothes by casting lots. Luke 23:34

- Much of the material in to Luke's gospel involves Jesus' dealings with individuals. Many are not wealthy or part of the acceptable society of their day. They include many sinners. Hence, Luke is considered a gospel of extremely good news-for the common man. This is why stories show up in Luke such as the Good Samaritan (who helps the injured man while religious leaders pass right by him). The conversations between the robbers on the cross with Jesus show the Lord's love for those who have committed crimes.
- While Matthew attempts to prove Christ's kingship, Luke shows him as the one who offers salvation to all humanity—Jew and Gentile alike.



Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Known in America as the Bible book that new Christians should start with

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Jesus turning water into wine
- Raising Lazarus from the dead
- The seven famous "I AM" statements of Jesus (i.e. I am the door of the sheep...)

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For God so loved the world that he gave his one and only Son, that whoever believes in him shall not perish but have eternal life. John 3:16

Jesus answered, "I am the way and the truth and the life. No one comes to the Father except through me." John 14:6

Jesus replied, "Very truly I tell you, no one can see the kingdom of God without being born again." John 3:3

- John wanted to make sure people knew that Jesus was not just a great prophet, miracle man, or teacher. He was "the only begotten son of God." Jesus was different than we are. We are born of men, and Jesus was born of God, according to all that John stated.
- John did not tell the story of Jesus' birth. Instead he reached back into eternity to start his gospel. He started with, "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God." It is this statement and others in the Book of John which had the early church moving to recognize the Trinity, or three in one: God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit.
- John, his brother James, and Simon Peter had the honor of being with Jesus during his ministry more than the other disciples. Hence his witness to the truth of Jesus' divine nature is meant to be taken quite seriously.
- New Christians often start reading their Bibles with the Book of John. This is because he was a fisherman before becoming an apostle, and not a Jewish scholar. All he has to say is very relatable to normal, working-class people-like us and the generations who came before us.



Covering this time period: 30-62 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books



New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Covers the works of the Apostles in the early days after Christ's death

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

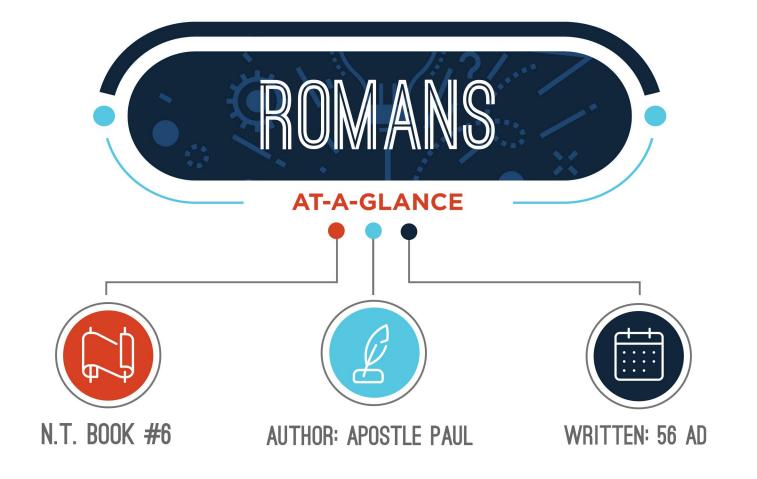
- The Ascension
- The Day of Pentecost
- Paul's Conversion
- Peter's move to preach to the Gentile world and not just the Jews

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

"But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes on you; and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the ends of the earth." Acts 1:8

"Salvation is found in no one else, for there is no other name given under heaven by which we must be saved." Acts 4:12

- Acts is the only book in the Bible that tells us how the early church was born. It gives a valuable account of how the church was able to spark in Jerusalem and spread throughout the Roman Empire.
- Chapters 1 12 primarily follow Peter until his belief in preaching to the Gentiles is fulfilled. Chapters 13-28 primarily follow Paul and his missionary journeys far and wide. The book ends before either man is martyred (killed) for the faith, which is why it is dated in the early 60s AD.





New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the most popular and famed salvation scriptures of any epistle.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Paul was writing to Christians living in Rome. Nero was emperor. He did very mean things to Christians, but he hadn't started yet. It was a time of peace. However, Paul knew he was writing to city people who can be really different from each other. Tough sailors, well-traveled tradesmen, wealthy former idolaters, and slaves were all part of the new church in Rome. He wanted them to see their likeness in Christ with statements like, "All have sinned. All fall short of the glory of God." Romans 3:23

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If you declare with your mouth, "Jesus is Lord," and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved. Romans 10:9

For the wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord. Romans 6:23

- In Chapters 1-8, Paul explains the foundations of the Christian faith. This is why the book is quoted so often in salvation messages.
- In Chapters 9-11, he explains how people can receive a relationship with God
- In chapters 12-16, Paul explains how to use this information to live a godly life.





New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famous chapter about "love," which is included at nearly every Christian wedding. It is 1 Corinthians 13.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Paul heard there was quarrelling in the church. He was disappointed. He had spent 18 months with the Corinthian Christians and they had been doing well. He wanted to help them solve their quarreling.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Love is patient, love is kind. It does not envy, it does not boast, it is not proud... 1 Corinthians 13:4

So whether you eat or drink or whatever you do, do it all for the glory of God. 1 Corinthians 10:31

- In Chapters 1-4 Paul talks about the quarrels he's heard about and offers advice.
- In Chapters 5-11 Paul exposes sins he's heard are already infesting the church. They had to do with sexual immorality, filing lawsuits against each other, and other things.
- In Chapters 12-15, he helps them understand difficult doctrines such as what speaking in tongues means.
- In Chapters 15-16, he preaches the pure gospel again and encourages these believers to hold fast to what is good.



CLAIMS TO FAME: One of the few books where Paul gives details of his own life.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Second Corinthians is actually the fourth letter Paul had written to this feisty group of believers. Two of the letters were lost in history. After three bad reports of their behavior, Paul finally got a good one. He wrote this letter to encourage them on their journey toward the kingdom of God.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Do not be yoked together with unbelievers. For what do righteousness and wickedness have in common? Or what fellowship can light have with darkness? 2 Corinthians 6:14

Remember this: Whoever sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, and whoever sows generously will also reap generously. 2 Corinthians 9:6

- Paul speaks about his own apostleship at great length in this book. It helps you get to know him as a person. Apparently, some people in Corinth had said he wasn't really an apostle because he didn't know Jesus until after Jesus' death and resurrection. He corrects that.
- He then uses a description of his own ministry as an exhortation for the Corinthians to live godly and open-hearted lives. He describes how he's been honest, hopeful, and devoted while suffering, and how these things have blessed his ministry.





CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famed "fruit of the spirit" passage which lists the nine fruits.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

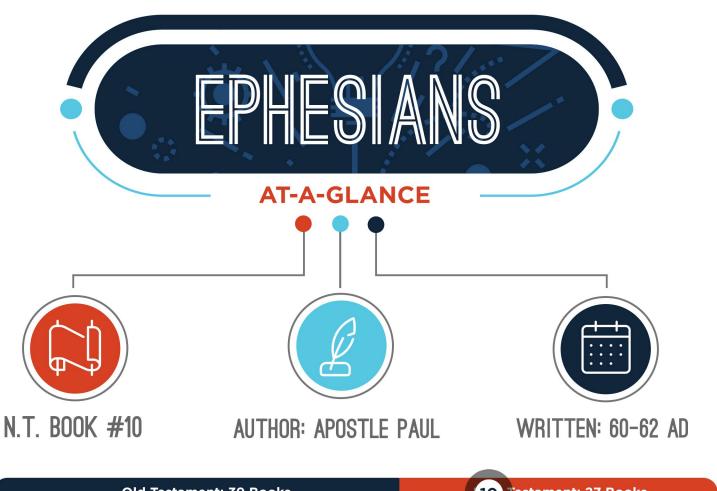
The Galatians were starting to say Gentiles needed to follow Jewish laws in order to be saved. It was confusing the people and putting a burden on them that was unnecessary. Paul wanted to straighten that out.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

You foolish Galatians! Who has bewitched you? Galatians 3:1

But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness. Galatians 5:22

- In the first two chapters, Paul defends against accusations that he is not a true apostle by explaining his spiritual experience with the gospel, and what his life was like before his conversion. He then uses his relationship with the other apostles as proof that he is an apostle.
- In Chapters 3-5 Paul rails on the Galatians a bit for becoming legalistic. He explains that Jesus sets people free; he doesn't put them in bondage to hard laws. Salvation comes through faith and not following laws, he reminds them.
- In Chapters 5 & 6 he teaches about how to live, and the fruit of the spirit is part of that.



10 Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famed passages about the "armor of God."

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

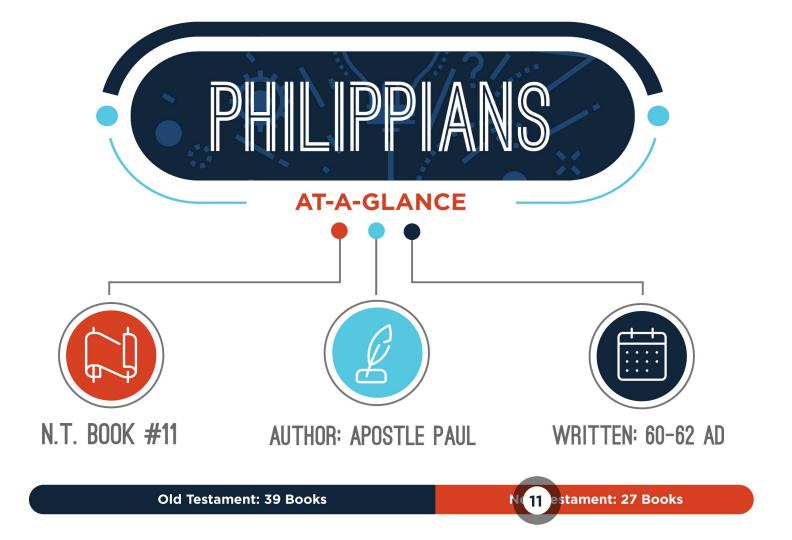
Paul visited Ephesus twice. The second time, a rich silversmith, Demetrius, found his business suffering greatly because people were converting to Christianity. He built silver for the idols, and suddenly there wasn't as much demand. There was a near-riot that led Paul to leave Ephesus, but only after he had done much to stabilize and grow the Christian community there. He wrote this letter while in prison in Rome to encourage them.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For our struggle is not against flesh and blood, but against the rulers, against the authorities, against the powers of this dark world and against the spiritual forces of evil in the heavenly realms. **Ephesians** 6:12

For we are God's handiwork, created in Christ Jesus to do good works, which God prepared in advance for us to do. Ephesians 2:10

- In Chapters 1-3, Paul greatly encourages believers, calling them "adopted sons" of God, and saying things like God picked believers before the foundation of the world.
- In Chapters 4-5, he encourages believers to walk in a manner worthy of their calling. Chapter 6 is where he tells the church how to do this, by putting on the full armor of God.



CLAIMS TO FAME: Considered to be one of the most encouraging epistles for those under trial

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

The Apostle Paul did not write Philippians to address a crisis, like he did with other letters. Instead, he wrote to express his appreciation and affection for the believers in the church of Philippi. More than any other church, the people offered Paul support for his ministry in payments, gifts, and comfort.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Do not be anxious about anything, but in every situation, by prayer and petition, with thanksgiving, present your requests to God. Philippians 4:6

I can do all this through him who gives me strength. Philippians 4:13

"He who began a good work in you will perfect it until the day of Christ Jesus" Philippians 1:6

Important Points about the Book:

This book begins with Paul describing his imprisonment and the situation in Rome. He is under house arrest while writing this and three other epistles. He explains that he believes he will be delivered, and goes on to encourage the church of Philippi to live lives worthy of the gospel. Lastly, he explains that he is sending Timothy to them and wishes them blessings and peace, warning against legalism.



Nev 12 stament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Famous for teaching us to be wary of false teachers.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

The Colossian church was trying to mix Greek philosophy with Christian theology. The result was called Gnostic philosophy. Among other things, it taught that the physical world was evil and Jesus was a spirit and not a man.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For in him all things were created: things in heaven and on earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones or powers or rulers or authorities; all things have been created through him and for him. Colossians 1:16

Therefore, as God's chosen people, holy and dearly loved, clothe yourselves with compassion, kindness, humility, gentleness and patience. Colossians 3:12

- Paul begins this book by defending the authority of Jesus and warning against spiritual practices which are not of God. He tells the people that Jesus is divine. They were starting to say what many people say today, that he was simply a great prophet and teacher and there are other paths to contact with God the Father.
- In Chapters 3-4, he teaches the people about love. He feels if they put on the love of Christ they will stop getting distracted by false doctrines. He teaches believers how to live at home, how to manage family matters, and how to get along with other believers in Christ.



New Test 13 nt: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Famous for a verse that talks about Christians meeting Jesus in the sky.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Paul spent around three months in Thessalonica when it was a small and new church. He wanted to check up on their faith, fearing that false teachers might have infiltrated their number. He sent back Timothy, who gave a surprisingly good report. That prompted Paul to write 1 Thessalonians as a letter of encouragement.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Give thanks in all circumstances; for this is God's will for you in Christ Jesus. 1 Thessalonians 5:18

So then, let us not be like others, who are asleep, but let us be awake and sober. 1 Thessalonians 5:6

- Paul uses this book to encourage the church in their pursuit of holiness, diligence, love, and hope. He tells them to walk in the light and makes many mentions of the Second Coming of
- One passage, Christians look at a lot today. 1 Thessalonians 4:16 states, "For the Lord himself will come down from heaven, with a loud command, with the voice of the archangel and with the trumpet call of God, and the dead in Christ will rise first." Many Christians hope they are the ones who will get to meet Jesus in the sky. Some feel it will happen before a great period of tribulation. Others feel it is as the Second Coming.



New Testame 14 27 Books



CLAIMS TO FAME: One of a few epistles focusing on the end times.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Paul wrote this letter to speak to the people again about the coming return of Jesus Christ. Some of the believers in that church thought that Jesus had already returned. The letter was penned to correct any misunderstandings.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

He called you to this through our gospel, that you might share in the glory of our Lord Jesus Christ. 2 Thessalonians 2:14.

On the day he comes to be glorified in his holy people and to be marveled at among all those who have believed. This includes you, because you believed our testimony to you.

2 Thessalonians 1:10

- In an effort to clear up a misunderstanding that Jesus will be returning immediately or had already returned, Paul explains that the church members should be steadfast in their holiness so that they will be ready when Jesus does come.
- In Chapters 2-3 of this short book, he gives details about Jesus' Second Coming, including some information about the Antichrist, whom he says will come first.



New Testame 15 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Famous for giving instructions for church leadership.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

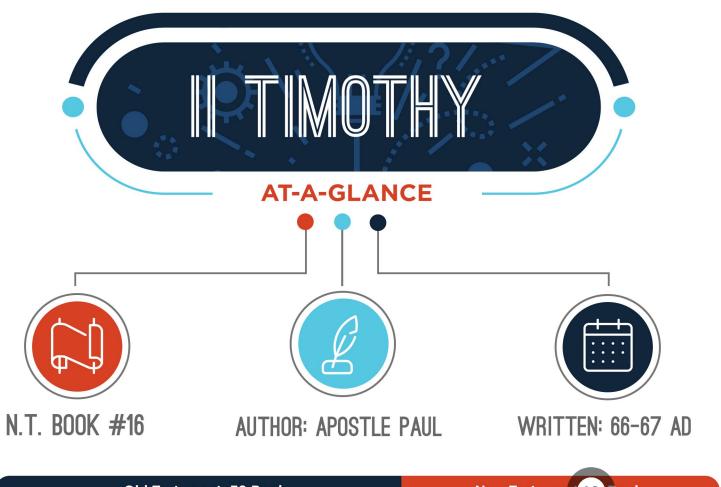
The letter was addressed to Paul's young disciple Timothy, who may have been experiencing some burnout as most pastors do at times. Paul is encouraging him and advising him.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Don't let anyone look down on you because you are young, but set an example for the believers in speech, in conduct, in love, in faith and in purity. 1 Timothy 4:12

For the love of money is a root of all kinds of evil. Some people, eager for money, have wandered from the faith and pierced themselves with many griefs. 1 Timothy 6:10

- Paul begins 1 Timothy by encouraging him to fight the good fight and not to let his young age be a hindrance.
- He then gives instructions for Timothy about leadership and managing all of the different situations he will encounter in the church community. These passages have been used over the centuries to train people in church leadership.



New Testament 16 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Gives a glimpse into the end of Paul's life.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

This book was the second written to Paul's young disciple Timothy. From the serious nature of this letter, it seems that Paul knew that his work was done and that his life was nearly at an end. Paul was arrested by the Roman Emperor Nero during the time when Nero was being very mean. Paul was martyred, which means he gave up his life for Christ. Nero had him decapitated.

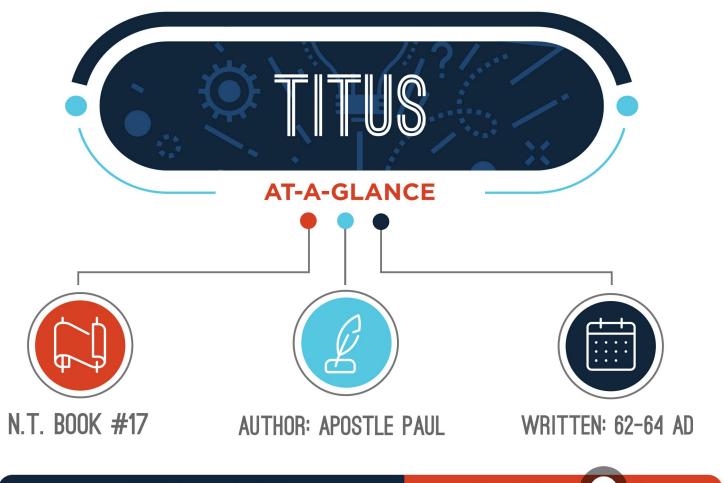
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For the Spirit God gave us does not make us timid, but gives us power, love and self-discipline. 2 Timothy 1:7

Do your best to present yourself to God as one approved, a worker who does not need to be ashamed and who correctly handles the word of truth. 2 Timothy 2:15

Important Points about the Book:

Paul begins this letter with encouragement for Timothy. Paul is very old and he wants to get in some final instructions and words of encouragement. He reminds Timothy to follow his example and to be steadfast in the trials to come. Paul ends the letter by asking Timothy to visit him because he is very old and would like to see him again before he dies.



New Testament: 17 looks



CLAIMS TO FAME: Titus is important because it teaches us about redemption and how Jesus becoming human was a necessary step in that process.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Titus was a young pastor being put in charge of the churches at Crete. Paul wrote to encourage him and addressed some of the same problems with leading a church as he addressed with Timothy, his young disciple.

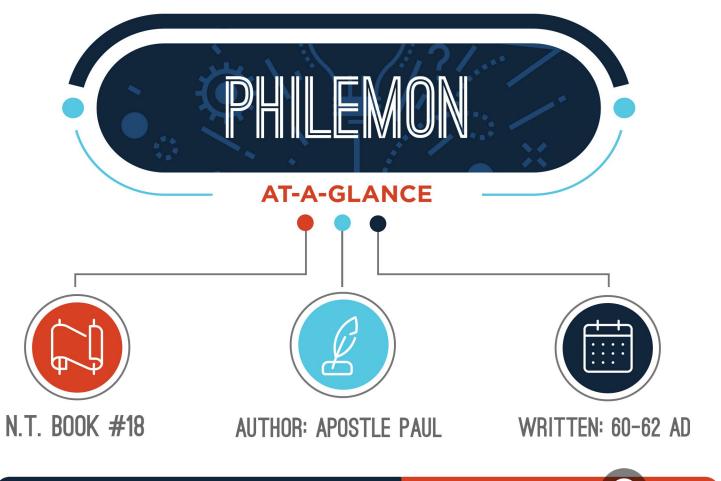
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

He saved us, not because of righteous things we had done, but because of his mercy. He saved us through the washing of rebirth and renewal by the Holy Spirit. Titus 3:5

It teaches us to say "No" to ungodliness and worldly passions, and to live self-controlled, upright and godly lives in this present age, **Titus 2:12**

Important Points about the Book:

This letter discusses the organization of the church. Paul gives instructions in Chapter 1 about choosing other leaders. In Chapters 2 and 3 of this short book, he teaches how Titus' believers can lead healthy and holy lives.



New Testament: 27



CLAIMS TO FAME: Written about a slave with encouragement to treat all equally

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

The book was written so that a slave would be accepted as a beloved brother among Christians, and Paul wanted to encourage Christians to not think in snobbish terms.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

No longer as a slave, but better than a slave, as a dear brother. He is very dear to me but even dearer to you, both as a fellow man and as a brother in the Lord. Philemon 1:16

I pray that your partnership with us in the faith may be effective in deepening your understanding of every good thing we share for the sake of Christ. Philemon 1:6

- In this letter Paul has found a slave, whom he is returning to Philemon, his owner. Paul asks Philemon to forgive the slave and return him to Paul because Paul has found him useful in preaching the gospel.
- Paul's message is that even though slavery was an accepted part of Roman society, we should treat each other as equals, like he encouraged Philemon to treat his slave as a brother.



New Testament: 27



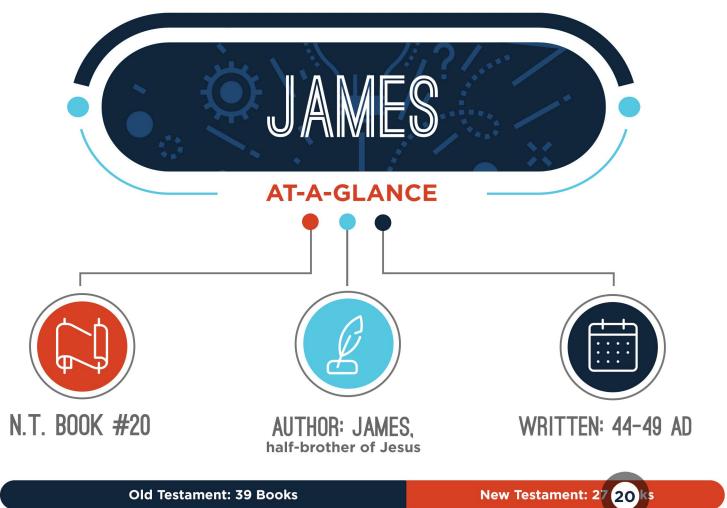
CLAIMS TO FAME: It is the only book in the New Testament where scholars are unsure of its author. It contains a rundown of Old Testament figures to show how they believed by faith in the Messiah, even though Christ had not come yet.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Now faith is being sure of what we hope for and certain of what we do not see. **Hebrews 11:1**

Therefore, since we are surrounded by such a great cloud of witnesses, let us throw off everything that hinders and the sin that so easily entangles. And let us run with perseverance the race marked out for us... Hebrews 12:1

- The author of Hebrews tried very hard to paint an image of Jesus as divine.
- According to Hebrews, Jesus has a role that is higher than the angels. He has created a clear path to the throne room of God. He is a priest who intercedes to us before the Father. He is the only path to salvation. He was a sacrifice for the sinfulness of mankind. All of these ideas are put forth in Hebrews.
- The book was written around the time when the evil leader Nero was feeding Christians to the lions and other disturbing things. Thus it was a great letter of hope and help for people considering giving up the faith.





CLAIMS TO FAME: Written by the half-brother of Jesus. Known as the "Proverbs of the **New Testament."**

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If any of you lacks wisdom, you should ask God, who gives generously to all without finding fault, and it will be given to you. James 1:5

What good is it, my brothers and sisters, if people claim to have faith but have no deeds? Can such faith save them? James 2:14

- James was not a follower of Jesus during the Savior's time on earth. In fact, Mark 3:21 has the half-brothers of Jesus during his early ministry thinking Jesus was "out of his mind."
- James finally became a believer upon seeing Jesus alive and well after the crucifixion. He became one of the leaders of the church at Jerusalem.
- This book is overflowing with wisdom and is often thought to be among the first books that Christians read after the Gospel of John.



New Testament: 27 B(21



CLAIMS TO FAME: Is considered a great source to read when you are being picked on, bullied, or persecuted for your faith.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Peter wrote the letter during Nero's reign. Nero was the Roman Emperor in the 60s AD, and he hated Christianity. He eventually did horrible things like throw Christians to lions to be eaten. He was addressing both Jews and Gentiles with encouragement to stay the course with Jesus, no matter what happened.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Be alert and of sober mind. Your enemy the devil prowls around like a roaring lion looking for someone to devour. 1 Peter 5:8

Important Points about the Book:

Jesus becomes the source of example and source of strength when we come into trials and tribulations. By allowing God to help you in your perseverance and work of Christ, we can always have hope in the midst of our suffering.



New Testament: 27 Bo 22



CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the famous verse encouraging Christians to be patient for God's coming: "A 1,000 years is a day to God."

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

Peter appeared to have heard reports that false teachers had arisen in Asia Minor. He wrote the book partly to discourage people from listening to them, and also to continue encouraging them, though the time under Roman Emperor Nero had grown very tough on Christians. Hence, he talked about the Lord's return and how grand it would be if the people would hang in there.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

The Lord is not slow in keeping his promise, as some understand slowness. Instead he is patient with you, not wanting anyone to perish, but everyone to come to repentance. 2 Peter 3:9

But the day of the Lord will come like a thief. The heavens will disappear with a roar; the elements will be destroyed by fire, and the earth and everything done in it will be laid bare. 2 Peter 3:10

Important Points about the Book:

Peter wanted to accomplish two things in this book. The first was to encourage people not to listen to false teachers. The second was to encourage them to continue on in the faith, no matter what persecution they came into. He gave a great image of the Day of the Lord, when he said the heavenlies would burn up, but we would be given a new heaven and a new earth.



New Testament: 27 Boo 23

CLAIMS TO FAME: The first epistle by Jesus' closest disciple, according to many.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

1 John was written to combat false teachings called "Gnosticism." Gnostics taught that Jesus was a spirit and never really had a body and other errors. Teachings like this created imbalance in believers that could spoil their faith.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If we claim to be without sin, we deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us. If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just and will forgive us our sins and purify us from all unrighteousness. 1 John 1:8-9

Dear friends, let us love one another, for love comes from God. Everyone who loves has been born of God and knows God. 1 John 4:7

Important Points about the Book:

John wanted people to know that love is most important. Love comes from God. When we feel it, we know that God is near. He also wanted people to know that it is important not to listen to false teachers.



New Testament: 27 Book 24



CLAIMS TO FAME: The only book in the Bible that is a letter written to a woman

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

1 John was written to combat false teachings called "Gnosticism." In 2 John, he is addressing the same issue but not in as much detail. The tone suggests that John is writing a letter to someone who wrote to him first. He is encouraging that woman in a general way, saying he hopes to see her soon and give her details in person.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

And this is love: that we walk in obedience to his commands. As you have heard from the beginning, his command is that you walk in love. 2 John 1:6

Many deceivers, who do not acknowledge Jesus Christ as coming in the flesh, have gone out into the world. Any such person is the deceiver and the antichrist. 2 John 1:7

- Many scholars have tried to symbolize this letter. John clearly states three times that it is to a "chosen lady." Some think that John would not have any reason write to a woman, and therefore they say it is a church. However, it would be in John's kind and gentle nature to write to anyone who had written to him.
- This short, one-chapter book offers great encouragement to walk in the light and to love one another, even when it is hard.



New Testament: 27 Books



CLAIMS TO FAME: The shortest book in the New Testament

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

John criticized a false teacher in this very brief letter. He even called him by name-Diotrephes. He accused the man of having a big ego and being a troublemaker. The letter shows us that even when the church was less than 50 years old, it had the same types of problems we have today with divisions and dishonesty.

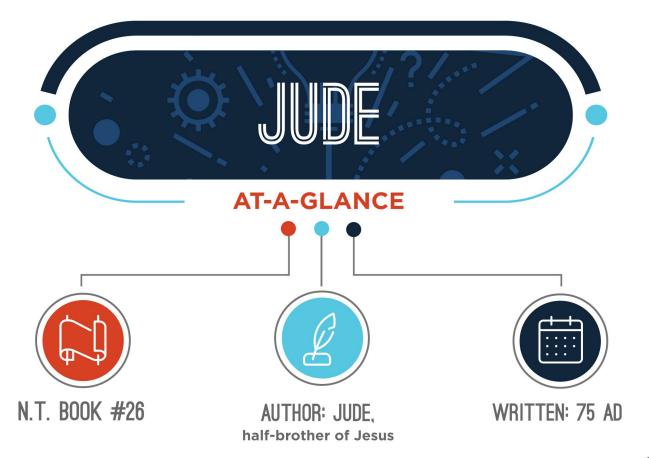
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

I have no greater joy than to hear that my children are walking in the truth. 3 John 1:4

Dear friend, do not imitate what is evil but what is good. 3 John 1:11

Important Points about the Book:

This book is a brief letter to two people named Gaius and Demetrius. They had been faithfully speaking the truth. John mentions having sent a previous letter, one that is not in our Bible. However, this evil Diotrephes rejected the letter out of pride. He may have destroyed it and refused to let people be encouraged by John's message. But John is not disheartened.



New Testament: 27 Books



CLAIMS TO FAME: Jude is the half-brother of Jesus, who didn't believe in him until after the Resurrection.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

The purpose of this book is to address false teachings. He uses the words in verse four, "For certain persons have crept in unnoticed." It is another attempt by an early church leader to keep errors out of believer's thinking.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

For certain individuals whose condemnation was written about long ago have secretly slipped in among you. They are ungodly people, who pervert the grace of our God into a license for immorality and deny Jesus Christ our only Sovereign and Lord. **Jude 1:4**

But even the archangel Michael, when he was disputing with the devil about the body of Moses, did not himself dare to condemn him for slander but said, "The Lord rebuke you!" **Jude 1:9**

- This book is just a few lines longer than 3 John. Jude reminds his readers that all the disciples and apostles had warned about false teachers and prophets that were coming to deceive. He encourages them to focus on Jesus Christ and to watch out for each other so that no one is misled into error.
- The book mentions two stories which are not in our Bible but would make us very curious! One is that Satan tried to argue with the Archangel Michael over top of Moses' dead body! The book of Exodus only tells us that Moses died on Mount Nebo and God had him secretly buried.
- Jude also mentions Enoch, from all the way back in Genesis, who pleased God so much that God took him to heaven without dying. Early believers knew a lot about this great Enoch, but most of the material has been lost.
- Jude also takes many examples of peoples from the Old Testament who did not come into God's promises because of errors and lack of faith. The tone of this book is meant to encourage; however, it is very frank in its talk of just consequences.



New Testament: 27 Books



CLAIMS TO FAME: The only book of prophecy in the New Testament

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

The Book of Revelation is primarily addressing the end of times surrounding the coming of Jesus back to earth.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Here I am! I stand at the door and knock. If anyone hears my voice and opens the door, I will come in and eat with them, and they with me. *Revelation 3:20*

Then I saw "a new heaven and a new earth," for the first heaven and the first earth had passed away, and there was no longer any sea. Revelation 21:1

- The Apostle John is very old by the time he wrote this book. In fact, he was the only disciple who hadn't died. He was in prison on an island called Patmos, which is like an ugly giant rock in the middle of the Adriatic Sea.
- While there, he experienced the visions that are contained in the Book of Revelation. They concern the end times and all the good and bad things that will happen. The book is full of symbols and visions that are hard to understand. That's because it isn't time to understand them yet.
- The book shows visions about a seven-year tribulation or "hard time" that will come upon the earth, and after that, Jesus will return. He invites everyone to be part of his new heaven and new earth who want to be with him.